





**Integrated Care Board** 

### Hertfordshire and West Essex Neighbourhood Pack – Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN

2025-2026 PHM Team



# Key messages

The Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell population profile is similar to West Essex and the ICB. However, a higher proportion of the population live in the most deprived quintiles compared to the WE.

There is inequality between and within the locality, in particular there are areas of higher deprivation that are associated with poorer outcomes. People in these areas are more likely to live with long term conditions, require emergency care and die before the age of 75 years. Inequality of life expectancy for males is in the 2<sup>nd</sup> best quintile and female is in the middle quintile, for 2021-23 period. This illustrates that for males in the most deprived quintiles will live nearly 6.7 years less than the least deprived quintiles, in Epping Forest. For females, the gap is 5.8 years. More information can be found at a District level in the; Overview of the Population

Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell data shows a lower prevalence of behavioural risk factors, including, obesity, insufficient physical activity and smoking compared to WE. These trends are particularly pronounced among older adults (65+), individuals in the most deprived quintile and BAME populations. 12% of children in Epping Forest live in poverty compared with 13% for WE and 17% for England. The areas within Epping Forest with the highest child poverty are Loughton Roding (31%), Waltham Abbey North (26%) and Grange Hill (26%).

The population of Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell is growing alongside demographic shifts, with an ageing population that will grow more rapidly compared to the overall population.





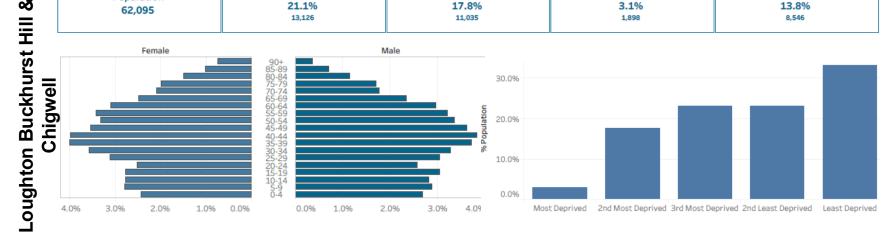
Demographics, wider determinants and prevention





#### **Population profile**

- Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell population age groups in most cases mirrors WE, but a higher proportion lives in the most deprived quintile.
- Additional information is available on <u>DELPPHI</u> for age, deprivation, ethnicity, gender and main language at HCP, Locality, PCN, GP practice and Local authority lower tier population.



Proportion of Population

Aged 65+

Proportion of Population

Most Deprived Quintile

Proportion of

**BAME Population** 

Proportion of Population

Aged 0-18

Total

Population



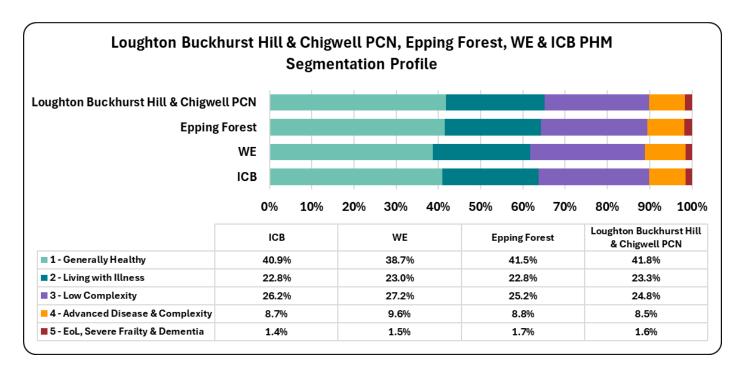


Source: DELPPHI - Population Profile



### **Segmentation profile** Provisional Data

- The illustrations on the right shows the segmentation model for Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN, Locality, WE and ICB. This is a snapshot from June 2025.
- Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell has a higher proportion of the population in the 'Generally Healthy' segment when compared to WE and the ICB. This is linked to lower prevalence of most <a href="Long-Term">Long-Term</a>
   Conditions. Higher prevalence of long term conditions can be driven by higher rates of risk factors (<a href="behavioural risk factors">behavioural risk factors</a> and deprivation), improved disease detection, or better coding and recording.
- Further detail on the segmentation model can be found in the glossary.





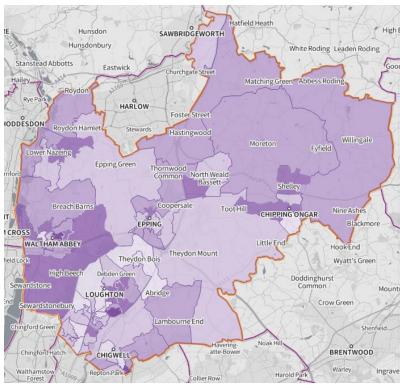




### Children and older people living in poverty

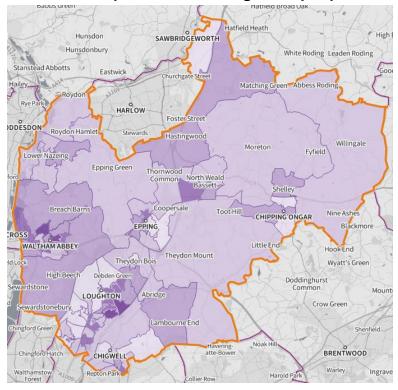
- Income Deprivation
  Affecting Children Index
  (IDACI) and Older people
  index (IDAOPI) measures
  the proportion of all children
  aged 0 to 15 and adults
  aged 60 or over,
  respectively who
  experience living in income
  deprived families or income
  deprivation.
- The IDACI and IDAOPI are illustrated on the maps. The darker the colour, the higher the level of deprivation.

#### Income Deprivation affecting children



Income deprivation affecting children index (IDACI) 2019, shows Epping Forest at 12.4%, WE at 12.6% and England at 17.1%. The areas within Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell with the highest index are Loughton Roding (31%), Waltham Abbey North (26%) and Grange Hill (26%).

#### Income deprivation affecting older people



• Income deprivation affecting older people index (IDAOPI) 2019, shows Epping Forest at 11.2%, WE at 11.1% and England at 14.2%.





#### Behavioural risk factors

- Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell data shows a similar proportion of alcohol abuse but lower obesity, insufficient physical activity and smoking compared to WE. These trends are particularly pronounced among older adults (65+), individuals in the most deprived quintile and BAME populations, for alcohol abuse.
- These behavioural risk factors, that are lower than WE are likely contributing to a higher proportion of the population being classified as 'generally healthy' in the segmentation model compared to WE, as these behaviours could lead to adverse health outcomes.
- Please use the following <u>link</u> for DELPPHI to review HWE, WE, Locality, PCN, GP practice and Local authority lower tier population demographic profiles by age, deprivation, ethnicity, gender and main language, in greater detail.
- For additional information on childhood obesity please review the <a href="CYP insights">CYP insights</a> (Feb 2025) and for smoking and pregnancy review <a href="Fingertips">Fingertips</a> | Department of Health and Social Care.

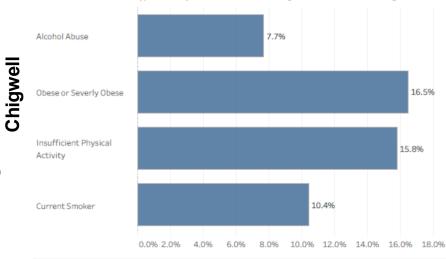




#### Behavioural Risk Factor Prevalence of Highest Risks

Selected BRF (Alcohol Abuse) shown at the top shown with the selected socio-demographic factor (All) - select BRF to change other visualisations - the prevalences for individual factors add up to the total population prevalence:

Filter selected: Area Type: Primary Care Network Area: Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN



Loughton Buckhurst Hill

WE

#### **Behavioural Risk Factor Prevalence of Highest Risks**

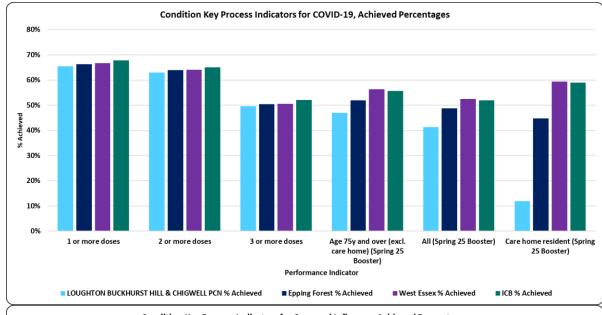
Selected BRF (Alcohol Abuse) shown at the top shown with the selected socio-demographic factor (All) - select BRF to change other visualisations - the prevalences for individual factors add up to the total population prevalence:

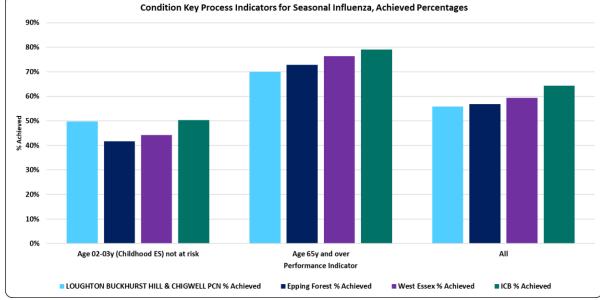


Source: DELPPHI - Population Profile



- Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell's percentage of people immunised against Covid-19 is below or similar to WE and the below the ICB.
- Seasonal influenza percentage achieved for most areas is below WE and the ICB.

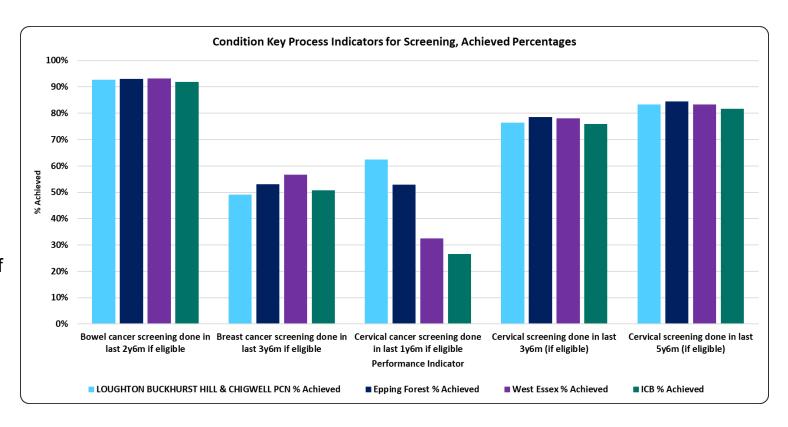








- Better outcomes are achieved through earlier diagnosis of cancer. The national target is for 75% of cancer diagnosis to be at early stage (stage 1 or 2). Uptake of cancer screening programmes are a core enabler for early detection of cancer.
- The chart on the right shows the percentage of people screened by cancer type.
- Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell 's percentage screening for most areas is similar to WE and the ICB.

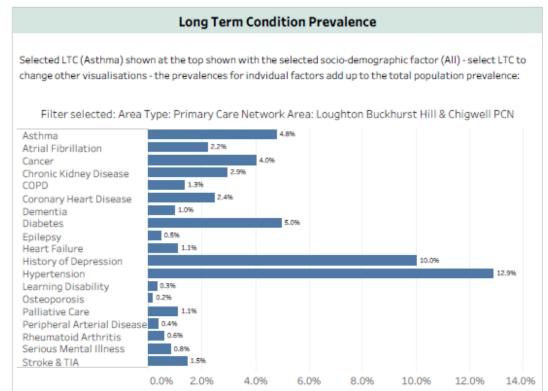


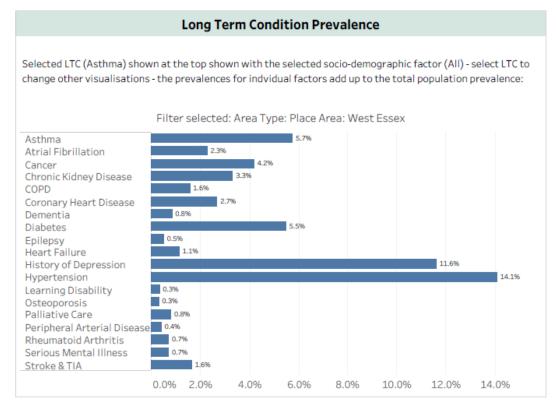






#### **Prevalence of Disease Registers**





- The above charts show that Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell has lower recording for most LTC compared to WE. Please note these charts will not reconcile to QOF as a wider set of codes looking at all settings data is used.
- Additional information is available in <u>DELPPHI</u> to review inequalities age, deprivation, ethnicity, gender and main language and compared to HCP, Locality, PCN, GP practice and Local authority lower tier.





Source: <u>DELPPHI - Population Profile</u>



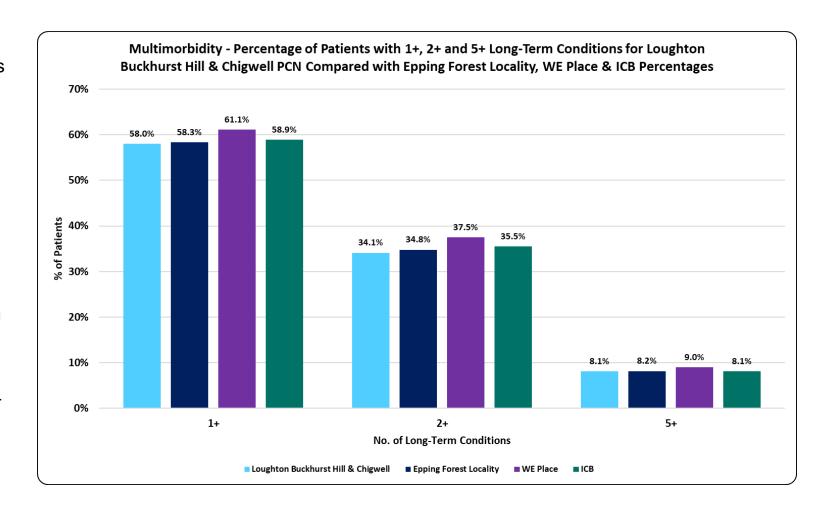
#### **Prevalence of Multimorbidity**

#### **Provisional Data**

The Long-Term Condition (LTC) count data for this page is based on the ICB Segmentation model.

For the Multimorbidity prevalence we can see:

- That in Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell, the prevalence for those with 2 or more LTCs is lower than WE and slightly lower than the ICB.
- For those Patients with 5+ LTCs, Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell is slightly lower than the WE and equal to the ICB.
- Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell's segmentation profile, characterised by a lower proportion of the population with LTCs, BRFs, may be contributing to the lower proportions observed compared to WE and the ICB.







Source: : DELPPHI: HWE Segmentation model







**Integrated Care Board** 

Children & Young People

**Management and outcomes** 

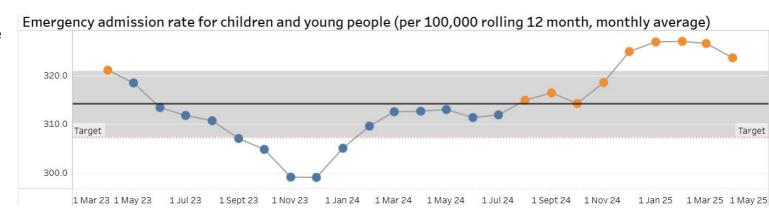


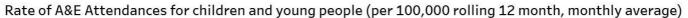


#### **Children's Care: Medium Term Plan Indicators**

- tracks key indicators for children and young people under 18, using data from SUS and community providers. It focuses on three main measures:
  - Community paediatric waits over 65 weeks (not reported for WE
  - Emergency admission rates
  - A&E attendance rates
- Recent data shows a slight decrease in emergency admissions to 323.7, down from 326.6 the previous month, while A&E attendances have also slightly decreased to 3229.7 from 3239.3.
- Note: From November '24, PAH and ENHT changed how SDEC is coded, significantly reducing emergency admission counts. This affects West Essex, East and North Herts, and the ICB overall. Measures referencing emergency admissions will appear lower and should be interpreted with

#### WE









Hertfordshire and West Essex Integrated Care System





#### Children and Young People: Programme outcomes

- HWE programme outcomes provide an opportunity for our ICS to focus on the end point health outcomes that best practice and evidenced interventions will deliver to improve the health of our population.
- The table on the right shows CYP outcomes for Loughton, Buckhurst Hill and Chigwell PCN from the <u>Outcomes</u> Framework
- Emergency admission rates for self-harm in Loughton, Buckhurst Hill and Chigwell PCN have increased.
- Emergency admission rates for preventable chronic ACCS conditions have decreased, however the associated costs have increased.
- There has been a decrease in overall emergency admissions for 0–17-year-olds and for admissions related to asthma, diabetes, and epilepsy among 0–18-year-olds.
- However, emergency admission rates for 0–4-year-olds has increased.

		Current Period	Previous Period	Difference	% Difference
Measure Cat	Measure				
Whole System	Emergency Admissions, Preventable Chronic Ambulatory Care Sensitive Conditions, Crude Rate per 100,000, aged between 0-18	Supress	sed due to	small nui	mbers
	Total Cost of Emergency Hospital Care, Crude Rate per 100,000, aged between 0-18	£901k £125k / 13,903	£748k £102k / 13,660	£152,843	20.4%
Programme	Mortality, Crude Rate per 100,000, aged between 1-17	Supress	sed due to	small nui	mbers
	Emergency Admissions, Intentional Self-Harm, DSR per 100,000, aged between 10-24	Supress	sed due to	small nui	mbers
	Emergency Admissions LoS >0, Crude Rate per 100,000, aged between 0-17	219.8 29 / 13,192	223.5 29 / 12,974	-3.7	-1.7%
Workstream	Emergency Admissions, DSR per 100,000, aged between 0-4	<b>741.4</b> 25 / 3,372	<b>590.8</b> 20 / 3,385	150.6	25.5%
	Emergency Admissions, Asthma Diabetes and Epilepsy, Crude Rate per 100,000, aged between 0-18	Supress	sed due to	small nui	mbers

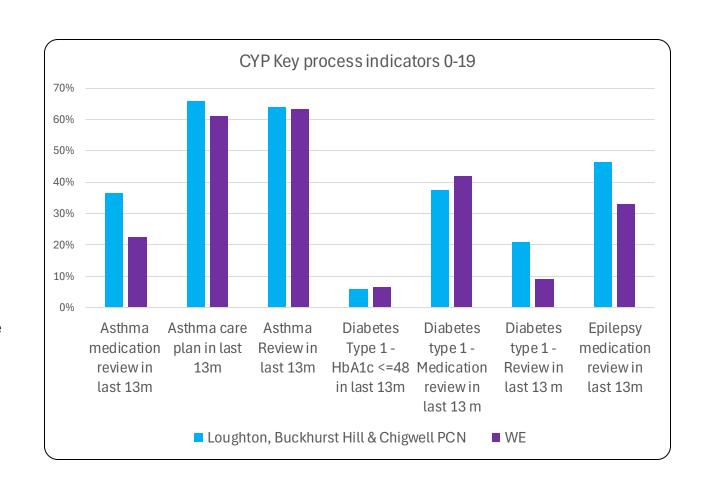






### Children and Young People: Key process indicators (0-19 years)

- Data provided by Ardens Manager highlights key process indicators for children and young people with Asthma, Diabetes and Epilepsy over the 13 months leading up to June 24, 2025.
- The graph compares these indicators between Loughton, Buckhurst Hill PCN and WE for children and young people aged 0-19.
- Asthma reviews and care plans completed in Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN were slightly higher to those in WE during this period.
- Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN has more medication reviews recorded for Asthma and Epilepsy compared to WE.











**Integrated Care Board** 

Hypertension, Cardiovascular Disease and Long-Term Conditions

**Management and Outcomes** 





#### **Hypertension: Medium Term Plan Indicators**

Medium Term Plan indicators on DELPPHI highlight key priorities related to Hypertension diagnosis and management within the ICB. Information are currently reported at HCP/WE level.

For Hypertension Medium Term Plan indicators, for the WE we can see:

- Compared to the ICB, WE Hypertension QOF prevalence continues to rise indicating improved identification of people living with hypertension
- For Patients with GP recorded hypertension whose last blood pressure was in target, we can see that the data shows a higher proportion for West Essex compared to the ICB's rate. In the most recent month, the trend shows a decrease for the area which follows that of the ICB's trend.

To review these indicators in more detail, please go the CVD & Hypertension page of the DELPPHI

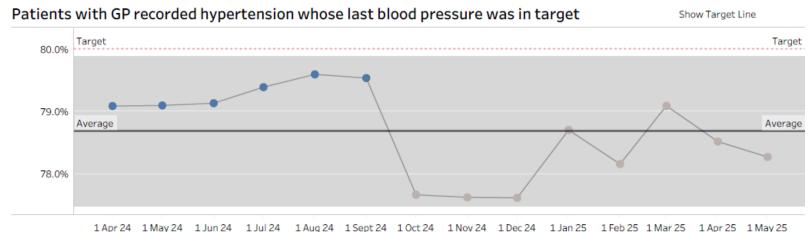
Hypertension QOF

Show Target Line

15.5%

Average

1 Apr 24 1 May 24 1 Jun 24 1 Jul 24 1 Aug 24 1 Sept 24 1 Oct 24



Medium Term Plan dashboard found here
Hertfordshire and
West Essex Integrated
Care System



### **Hypertension: QOF Indicators**

- Reviewing the PCN on their percentage achieved from the 2024/25 QOF, we can see that:
  - Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN is showing above the WE value for both Hypertension review indicators.
  - In the ICB as of April 2025, 87% of people aged 45+ have had a BP done in the last 5 years.
- For a further detailed review of all the QOF indicators for 2024/25, please visit the Ardens Manager pages <a href="here">here</a>.

	Hypertension					
	Rev	riew				
	HYP008: Latest	HYP009: Latest				
	BP 140/90 or	BP 150/90 or				
	less (or	less in last 12m				
	equivalent	if 80y or over				
	home value) in					
	last 12m if 79y					
	or under					
ICB	77.0%	85.0%				
West Essex Place	77.0%	85.0%				
<b>Epping Forest Locality</b>	76.3%	84.1%				
EPPING FOREST NORTH PCN	75.1%	82.8%				
LOUGHTON BUCKHURST HILL &	78.0%	85.8%				





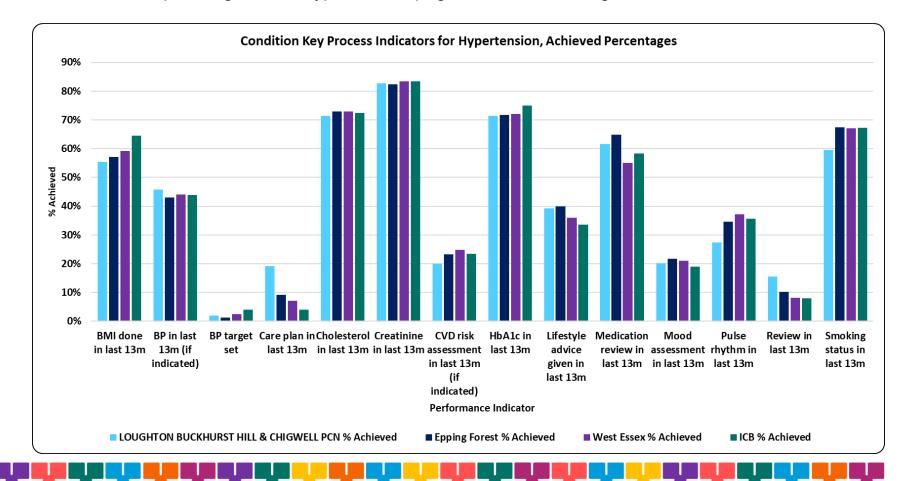
### **Hypertension: Key Care Process Indicators**

For the Hypertension key process review indicators, we can see that for the locality:

- Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN achieves higher percentages than WE and ICB levels, in 4 out of the 14 process indicators shown
- To review these, and other indicators in detail, please go to the Hypertension pages in Ardens Manager here.

#### Areas of opportunity for the PCN are:

- BMI checks
- CVD Risk Assessments
- HbA1c checks
- Mood Assessments
- Pulse Rhythm Assessments
- Smoking status checks





Source: Ardens Manager



## Cardiovascular Disease (CVD) & Other Long-Term Conditions (LTC): ECF & QOF Indicators

- The 2024/25 QOF CVD indicators are shown on this page; other QOF LTC indicators can be viewed via Ardens Manager <a href="here">here</a>.
- Reviewing Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN on their percentage achieved from the 2024/25 QOF, we can see that:
  - There is a varied mix of achievements across the indicators
  - There is opportunity to increase the percentage achieved for Coronary Heart Disease, CVD and AF indicators across the indicators

	Atrial Fibrillation				Atrial Fil	Atrial Fibrillation CVD Secondary Prevention			Coronary Heart Disease			
		E	CF		QOF			ECF		QOF		
	BP done Chest pain ORBIT score		Review done	AF006:	AF008: On	On high-	All (CHD,	Target met	CHD005: Anti-	CHD015:	CHD016:	
		assessment	done		CHA2DS2-	DOAC or	intensity	CVA/TIA or	(LDL-	platelet or	Latest BP	Latest BP
		done			VASc	Vitamin K	statin,	PAD)	cholesterol	anti-	140/90 or	150/90 or
					recorded in	antagonist if	ezetemibe or		<=2.0 or Non-	coagulant in	less in last	less in last
					last 12m	CHA2DS2-	LLT max		HDL	last 12m	12m if 79y or	12m if 80y or
						VASc >= 2	tol/ci/dec		cholesterol		under	over
									<=2.6)			
ICB	90.2%	20.1%	39.9%	34.3%	97.0%	96.3%	75.3%	100.0%	12.8%	96.5%	83.5%	89.5%
West Essex Place	89.1%	26.1%	38.3%	33.7%	97.3%	95.8%	75.5%	100.0%	10.4%	96.6%	83.9%	89.9%
Epping Forest Locality	89.0%	30.0%	37.0%	32.5%	97.0%	95.8%	75.4%	100.0%	10.6%	95.9%	83.8%	90.9%
EPPING FOREST NORTH PCN	90.4%	29.8%	36.5%	30.0%	98.0%	96.1%	76.5%	100.0%	10.6%	96.0%	82.8%	89.6%
LOUGHTON BUCKHURST HILL & CHIGWELL PCN	87.2%	30.4%	37.8%	35.7%	95.5%	95.3%	74.0%	100.0%	10.5%	95.7%	85.2%	92.5%



26262626262626262626



### CVD & Other Long-Term Conditions: ECF & QOF Indicators

- The 2024/25 ECF CVD indicators are shown on this page; however, all the other ECF LTC indicators can be viewed via the Ardens Manager 2024/25 QOF pages here.
- Reviewing Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN on percentage achieved from the 2024/25 ECF, we can see that:
  - There is a varied mix of achievements across the PCN
  - There is opportunity to increase the percentage achieved for ECF Heart Failure indicators across the PCN

			Heart Failure	Heart Failure				
			ECF				QOF	
	Ejection	NYHA	On SGL2i or	Palliative care	Social	HF003: LVD +	HF006: LVD +	HF007:
	fraction	classification	issued in last	referral (or	prescribing/I	on ACEi/ARB	on beta-	Review +
	recorded	done	3m (if	declined) (if	APT referral		blocker	assessment
	(ever)		preserved	NYHA Stage	done (or			of functional
			ejection	III or IV)	declined)			capacity
			fraction)					
ICB	80.1%	46.4%	31.5%	1.4%	13.4%	95.6%	97.0%	91.9%
West Essex Place	78.9%	48.3%	27.3%	0.6%	14.1%	96.3%	97.2%	91.8%
<b>Epping Forest Locality</b>	78.3%	48.0%	24.3%	0.2%	14.5%	96.5%	97.4%	91.8%
EPPING FOREST NORTH PCN	76.1%	48.1%	22.6%	0.0%	13.6%	96.3%	97.0%	90.2%
LOUGHTON	02.00/	47.00/	27.40/	0.5%	1F 00/	06.00/	00.00/	04.70/
BUCKHURST HILL &	82.0%	47.8%	27.1%	0.5%	15.9%	96.9%	98.0%	94.7%
CHIGWELL PCN								



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Source: Ardens Manager



### CVD & Other Long-Term Conditions: Key Heart Failure Care Processes

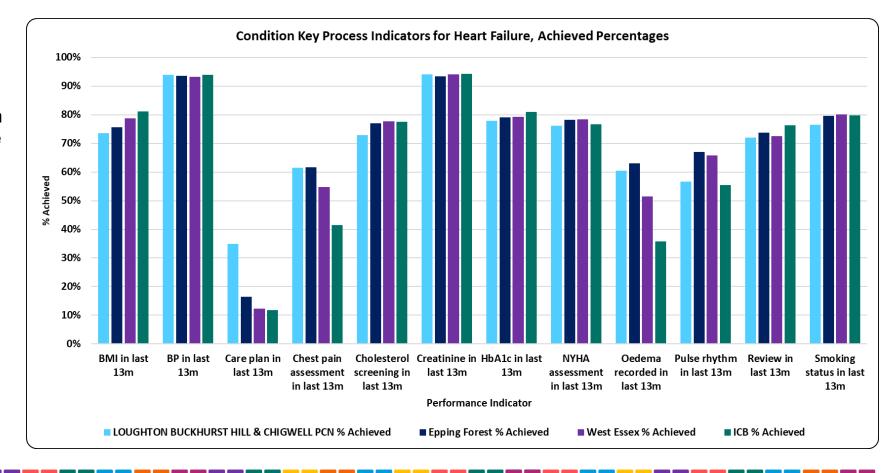
Current CVD key care review process indicators are shown on this page for Heart Failure only due to limitations of space; however, all the other many CVD and other Long-Term Condition indicators can be viewed in detail via the Ardens Manager pages <a href="here">here</a>.

For the Heart Failure key process indicators, we can see for Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN:

 Higher levels of achievement than WE and ICB levels, in 6 out of the 12 process indicators shown

Areas of opportunity for the PCN are:

- BMI checks
- Cholesterol checks
- HbA1c checks
- NYHA Assessments
- Pulse Rhythms Tests
- Smoking status checks











**Mental Health and Learning Disabilities** 

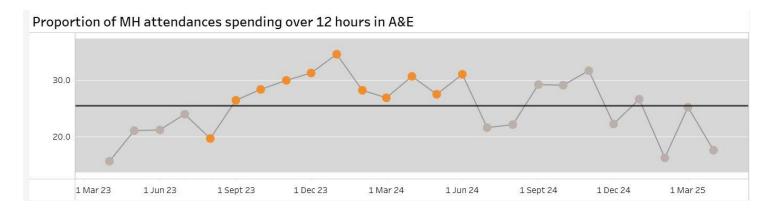
**Management and Outcomes** 



### Better care for Mental Health Crisis: Medium Term Plan Indicators

- MH measures developed within the MTP dashboard for Out of Area placement and Community Crisis Service are currently only available on an ICB footprint.
- The graph on the right shows the proportion of mental health attendances at A&E spending over 12 hours in A&E. Recent months data shows a slight decrease in the proportion of MH attendances spending over 12 hours in A&E.
- Note:PAH & ENHT have changed the way in which SDEC is being coded resulting in much lower emergency admissions counts from November '24 onwards.

#### WE







### Mental health: Programme outcomes

- HWE programme outcomes provide an opportunity for our ICS to focus on the end point health outcomes that best practice and evidenced interventions will deliver to improve the health of our population.
- The graph below illustrates a coreset of population health indicators from DELPPHI which have been broken down at PCN level to provide assurance that activities are delivering the required impact.

			Current Period	Previous Period	Difference	% Difference
Measure Cat	Measure	Ž↓				
Whole System	Emergency Admissions, Preventable Chronic Ambulatory Care Sensitive Conditions, DSR per 100,000, aged between 0-120		<b>38.5</b> 24 / 64,518	44.0 27 / 63,363	-5.5	-12.6%
	Total Cost of Emergency Hospital Care, DSR per 100,000, aged between 0-120		£2,426k £1,566k / 64,518	£2,386k £1,519k / 63,363	£40,345	1.7%
Programme	Mortality, Suicide, DSR per 100,000, aged betwee 10-120	n	Supr	essed due to	o small nun	nbers
	Emergency Admissions, Intentional Self-Harm, DS per 100,000, aged between 0-120	SR	Supr	essed due to	o small nun	nbers
Workstream	Mortality, Dementia / Alzheimer'S Disease, DSR po	er	Supr	essed due to	o small nun	nbers

- Emergency admissions for preventable ACSC conditions have decreased compared to the previous period, although the associated costs have increased.
- In contrast, emergency admissions for intentional self-harm have increased, figures suppressed due to small numbers.
- Suicide mortality figures have been suppressed due to small numbers.





### **Depression and SMI: QOF indicators**

- Mental Health QOF metrics for 2024-25 show that Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN has a lower percentage of achievement levels for QOF for all depression and most SMI indicators when compared with ICB and WE.
- The individual practices can be viewed within the QOF data.
- Ardens searches are available to practices to identify those people with SMI without a care plan or recording of monitoring.

	Depre	ession				Mental	Health						
	Rev	iew	Review										
	DEP004 CURR ENT: Reviewe d 10-56d after diagnosi s if >18y (2024-25)		MH002: Care plan done in last 12m	MH003: BP done in last 12m	MH006: BMI done in last 12m	MH007: Alco hol consumpt ion done in last 12m	Lipid profile	c or blood gluc ose done in last 12m	ENT: All 6 core physical health checks	ECTED: All 6 core physical			
ICB	79.6%	85.4%	89.8%	95.4%	95.4%	95.2%	93.0%	92.8%	74.7%	75.9%			
West Essex WE	82.3%	85.4%	90.7%	96.9%	96.6%	97.1%	93.8%	93.8%	76.9%	75.1%			
Epping Forest Locality	83.3%	83.3%	89.5%	96.8%	96.5%	96.9%	92.1%	92.6%	78.4%	74.6%			
Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN	84.1%	85.9%	93.2%	97.1%	95.4%	96.7%	91.9%	92.6%	83.8%	81.3%			
LOUGHTON BUCKH URST HILL & CHIGWELL PCN	82.3%	80.2%	84.7%	96.3%	97.9%	97.1%	92.4%	92.6%	71.4%	66.7%			





Source: Ardens Manager



- The data shows that Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN has a lower percentage for most SMI ECF indicators when compared against WE and the ICB.
- However, the percentage for medication reviews for people with SMI is above Epping Forest locality, WE and the ICB.
- The data in the table below covers the period from April 2024 to March 2025.
   The most current information is available at <u>Ardens Manager</u>.

		Severe Mental Illness											
		Extra		Lo	cal	Review							
	•	illicit substanc e/non prescrib ed done or exception in L12M	9. Medication re conciliation/re view		Oral health recorde d in last 12m	>=3 PHC items done or exception in L12M	>=4 PHC items done (in last 12m)	Care plan in L12M					
ICB	8.4%	8.2%	17.1%	3.4%	8.9%	6.8%	61.0%	8.4%					
West Essex WE	8.6%	7.5%	13.0%	2.4%	7.0%	6.1%	54.4%	9.0%					
Epping Forest Locality	5.6%	4.9%	14.8%	1.4%	4.2%	3.7%	49.3%	5.6%					
Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN	8.3%	6.7%	12.9%	1.9%	5.6%	5.0%	57.6%	7.3%					
LOUGHTON BUCKHURST HILL & CHIGWELL PCN	2.9%	3.1%	16.7%	0.8%	2.7%	2.5%	40.7%	4.0%					

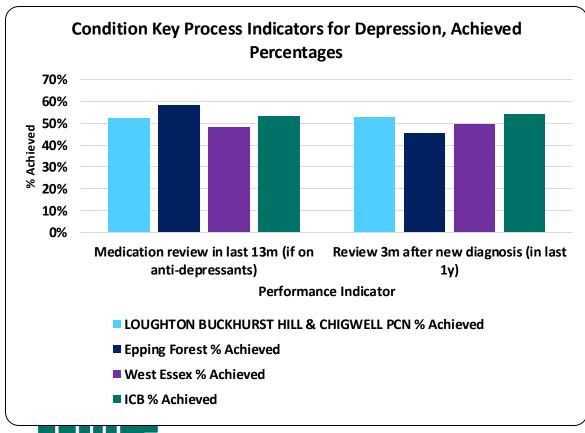


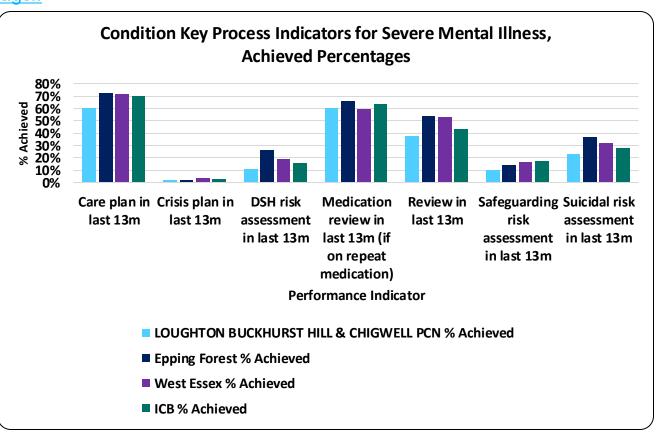




### **SMI** and Depression: Key process indicators

- In the past year, Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN recorded the highest rate of depression reviews conducted three months after diagnosis, compared to WE and the ICB.
- Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN is achieving slightly lower with all key process indicators for SMI patients in comparison to WE and the ICB. All other reviews can be found in <a href="Ardens Manager">Ardens Manager</a>.







Hertfordshire and West Essex Integrated Care System

Source: Ardens Manager



### **Learning Disability: ECF indicators**

- The data shows that Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN has a higher percentage for most of the learning disability ECF indicators when compared against WE and the ICB.
- However, the PCN percentage for the proportion of people with a learning disability who have had reasonable adjustments recorded or reviewed is above WE.
- The data in the table below covers the period from April 2024 to March 2025.
   The most current information is available at <u>Ardens Manager</u>.

		Learning Disability												
		Review		Lo	cal	Review								
	Action plan done or declined (if LD + >=14y)	Annual health check done or declined (if LD + >=14y)	BP done or exception +>=14y	n needs + reasonable a djustments rec	Communication status reasonable adjustments recorded (if LD + >=14y)	check done (or declined)	Reasonable Ad justments: rec orded or reviewed							
ICB	47.9%	48.8%	18.9%	11.8%	13.8%	47.6%	4.5%							
West Essex WE	48.4%	49.1%	18.7%	8.4%	11.4%	47.7%	3.4%							
Epping Forest Locality	49.4%	50.3%	21.7%	7.6%	11.6%	49.1%	4.9%							
Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN	49.0%	49.9%	20.3%	8.3%	13.5%	48.5%	4.5%							
LOUGHTON BUCKHURS T HILL & CHIGWELL PCN	50.0%	50.8%	23.4%	6.8%	9.5%	49.7%	5.3%							

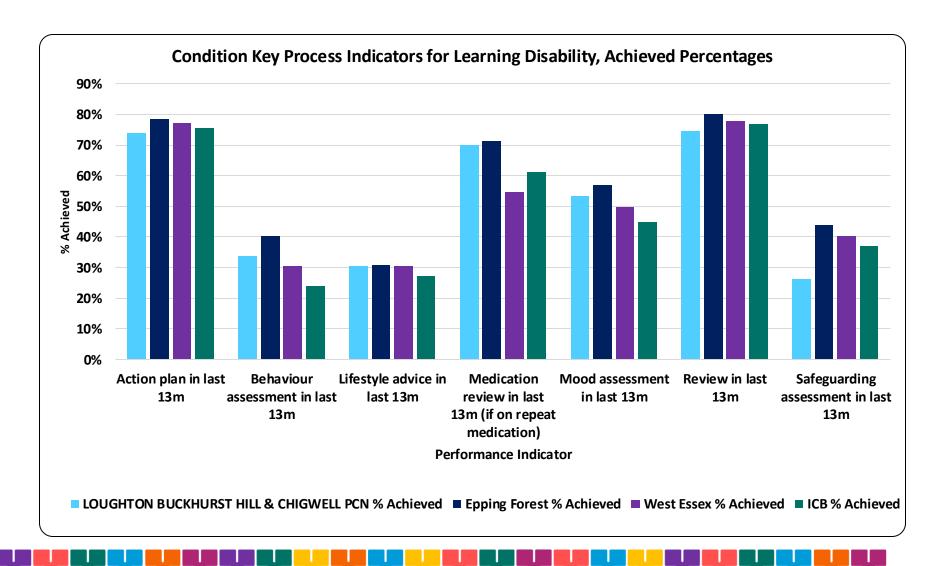






### **Learning Disability: Key process indicators**

- Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN is achieving lower percentage completeness against WE and the ICB in all key learning disability processes.
- All other reviews can be found in Ardens Manager.





Source: Ardens Manager







**Integrated Care Board** 

**Cancer and Planned Care** 

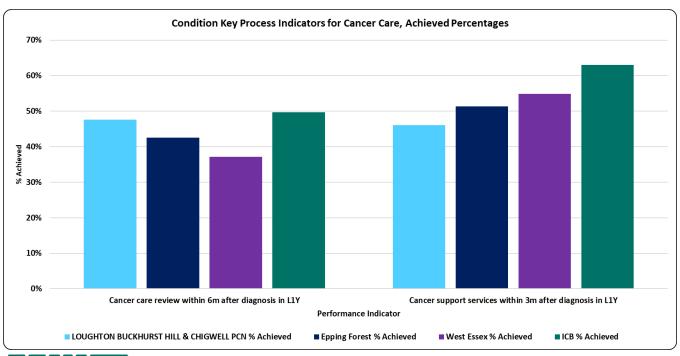
**Management and outcomes** 





### **Cancer: QOF and Key processes indicators**

- The QOF data shows that Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell has a lower percentage when compared to the WE and the ICB for 2024/25.
- Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell 's cancer care processes are mixed against WE and lower than the ICB, which is opposite in screening
  of cancer.
- The latest position for this table below, can be found at <u>Ardens Manager</u>.



Poviow									
CAN004	CAN004	CAN005	CAN005						
CURRENT:	PROTECTED:	CURRENT:	PROTECTED:						
Cancer care	Cancer care	Support	Support						
review within	review within	information	information						
12m of	12m of	given within 3m	given within 3m						
diagnosis (2024-	diagnosis (2023-	of diagnosis	of diagnosis						
25)	24)	(2024-25)	(2023-24)						
92.1%	94.9%	84.9%	87.8%						
88.2%	91.0%	78.7%	80.0%						
83.8%	86.1%	70.0%	66.6%						
88.5%	89.7%	76.6%	73.8%						
79.4%	81.6%	62.2%	58.3%						
	CURRENT: Cancer care review within 12m of diagnosis (2024- 25)  92.1%  88.2%  83.8%  88.5%	CAN004 CURRENT: Cancer care review within 12m of diagnosis (2024- 25)  92.1%  94.9%  88.2%  91.0%  88.8%  86.1%  88.5%  89.7%	CURRENT: Cancer care review within 12m of diagnosis (2024- 25)  92.1%  94.9%  88.2%  91.0%  70.0%  88.5%  89.7%  CURRENT: Support information given within 3m of diagnosis (2023- (2024-25)  78.7%  84.9%  70.0%						

Cancer



Source: Ardens Manager







**Integrated Care Board** 

Frailty and End of Life care

Management and outcomes

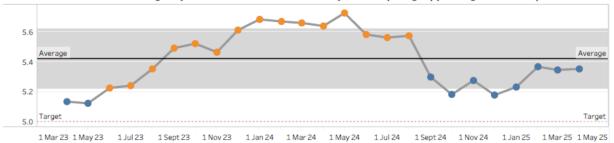


#### Frailty and EOL: Medium Term Plan Indicators

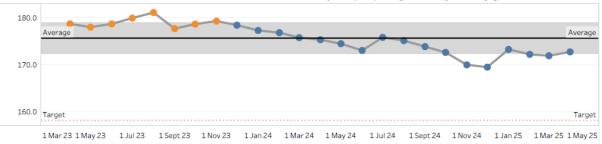
- The trend charts indicates the WE targets and what their current trajectory is for the relevant measure.
- PAH & ENHT have changed the way in which SDEC is being coded resulting in much lower emergency admissions counts from Nov-24 onwards. Measures which reference emergency admissions will show lower due to this coding change. This affects West Essex and East and North Herts and the ICB as a whole. Emergency admission data should be treated with caution

#### WE

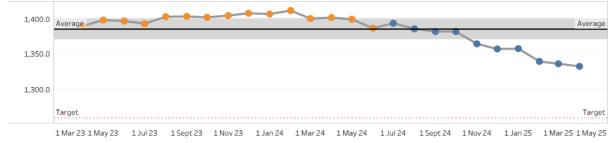
Deaths with 3 or more emergency admissions in the last 90 days of life (all ages)(Rolling 12 months)



Rate of non-elective admissions for falls within the community for people aged 65+ (LoS > 0) (per 100,000 Rolli...



Rate of non-elective admissions in people aged 65+ (LoS >0) (per 100,000 rolling 12 month, monthly average)(C...









### Frailty and EOL: Programme outcomes

- This data is for a rolling 12 months, and the percentage difference in red indicates that the current period, has deteriorated against the previous period.
- The7 interventions dashboards has further detail of underlying metrics for community falls and FRAT scores completed. <u>7</u> interventions.
- Please use the following <u>link</u> for DELPPHI to review HWE,
   WE, PCN and GP practice measures, demographics and INT.

#### Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell

		Current Period	Previous Period	Difference	% Difference
Measure Cat	Measure				
Whole System	Emergency Admissions, Preventable Chronic Ambulatory Care Sensitive Conditions, DSR per 100,000, aged between 65-120	159.6 19 / 11,431	176.0 21 / 11,161	-16.3	-9.3%
	Total Cost of Emergency Hospital Care, DSR per 100,000, aged between 65-120	£8,587k £1,073k / 11,431	£7,844k £9655k / 11,161	£742,874	9.5%
Programme	Emergency Admissions, Stay Under 24 hours, DSR per 100,000, aged between 65-120	290.3 36 / 11,431	406.8 47 / 11,161	-116.5	-28.6%
	Emergency Admissions LoS >0, Moderate/ Severe Frail at Admission (GP SUBMITTING PRACTICES ONLY), DSR per 100,000, aged between 65-120	Supre	ssed due to	small nur	nbers
	Emergency Admissions LoS >0, DSR per 100,000, aged between 65-120	1,065.8 130 / 11,431	1,133.7 138 / 11,161	-67.9	-6.0%
	Emergency Admissions LoS >0, Falls Within the Community, DSR per 100,000, aged between 65-120	162.3 20 / 11,431	163.9 20 / 11,161	-1.6	-1.0%
	Percentage of Mortality, 3 or More Emergency Admissions in Last 90 Days Of Life, Percentage of All Deaths Over 28 Days, aged between 65-120	Supre	ssed due to	small nur	nbers
Workstream	Emergency Admissions LoS >0, Hip Fractures, DSR per 100,000, aged between 65-120	Supre	ssed due to	small nur	nbers
	Percentage of Emergency Admissions LoS >0, Falls Within the Community, Discharge to Usual Place of Residence, aged between 65-120	80.0% 16 / 20	70.0% 14/20	10.0%	14.3%
	Percentage of Emergency Admissions LoS >0, EM Pathways, Readmissions within 7 Days, aged between 65-120	Supre	ssed due to	small nur	nbers
	Percentage of Emergency Admissions LoS >0, EM Pathways, Readmissions within 30 Days, aged between 65-120	Supre	ssed due to	small nur	nbers

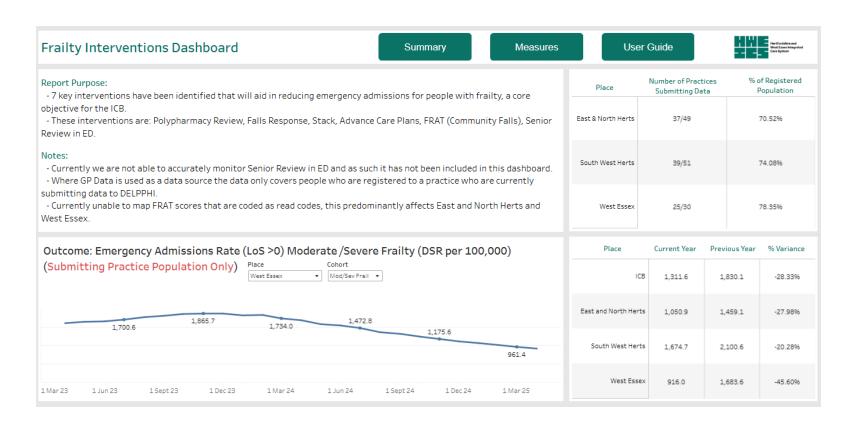






#### Frailty and EOL: Indicators from the 7 interventions dashboard

- This dashboard has been designed in DELPPHI to support 7 interventions that have been identified in aiding in the reduction of Emergency admissions for people with frailty.
- The dashboard is currently available by ICB and Place.
- Emergency Admission rate for people identified with moderate/ severe frailty (from the primary care record) has seen a decrease over the last 2 years
- To gain maximum benefit from this dashboard, please click on this link.







### Frailty and EOL: ECF indicators

- The data shows that Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell has a higher percentage for most EOL and Frailty indicators, when compared to the WE and the ICB for 2024/25.
- The latest position for this table below, can be found at <u>Ardens Manager</u>.

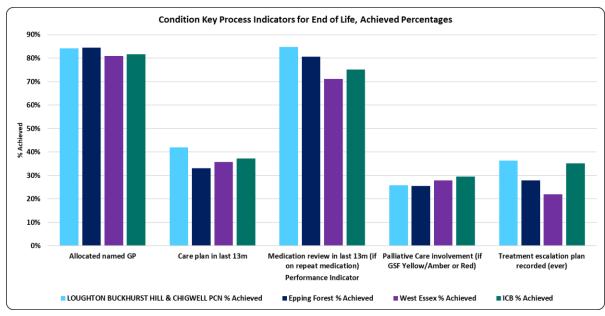
	End of Life									Frailty					
	Review									Review					
	ACP shared	ACP, ReSPECT	Anticipatory	GSF	Preferred	Preferred	Preferred	Resus status	Carer status	Depression	Frailty status	Loneliness	Mod/Sev +	Mod/Sev +	Mod/Sev +
		or EOL care	medicines	prognostic	place of care	place of care,	place of	recorded (or	recorded (if	screening	recorded (if	assessment	carer status	falls FRAT	falls FRAT
		plan done or	issued (or	indicator	recorded	death and	death	currently	moderate/se	done (if	moderate/se	done (if	recorded	score done	score done
		declined	exception) (if	recorded		resus stated	recorded	DNACPR)	vere frailty)	moderate/se	vere frailty)	moderate/se	(excl care		(excl care
			GSF			recorded				vere frailty)		vere frailty)	home + GSF		home + GSF
			red/yellow)										red)		red)
ICB	1.5%	40.1%	61.3%	49.0%	69.4%	14.1%	67.4%	74.1%	67.8%	33.8%	77.0%	61.5%	13.9%	64.8%	12.2%
West Essex Place	2.7%	33.4%	62.1%	49.3%	68.1%	12.9%	66.4%	70.9%	68.7%	48.1%	72.6%	61.8%	10.5%	64.5%	10.8%
<b>Epping Forest Locality</b>	0.0%	32.0%	58.0%	53.9%	65.7%	11.2%	63.0%	70.3%	69.5%	51.0%	77.3%	63.1%	8.4%	65.4%	8.2%
EPPING FOREST NORTH PCN	0.0%	25.9%	48.1%	56.0%	55.5%	12.2%	54.1%	61.3%	64.9%	53.9%	73.9%	58.0%	8.4%	61.2%	8.1%
LOUGHTON BUCKHURST HILL &	0.0%	36.7%	67.9%	52.4%	73.8%	10.5%	70.1%	77.5%	78.5%	45.3%	83.8%	72.9%	8.3%	73.4%	8.3%

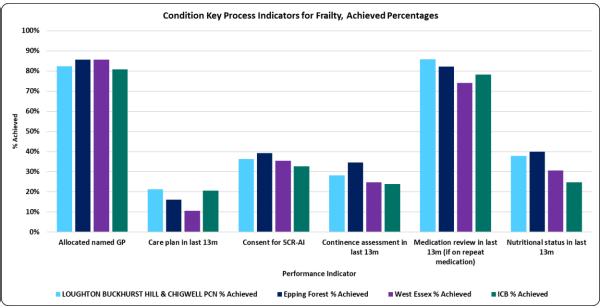




### Frailty and EOL: Key processes indicators

- Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell has opportunities to increase the number of recorded care plan reviews for both Frailty and EoL, as well as other areas.
- Arden's searches are available to practices to identify those people on frailty and EOL register and what processes have and still need to be completed.









#### **Dementia: Programme outcomes**

- HWE programme outcomes provide an opportunity for our ICB to focus on the end point health outcomes that best practice and evidenced interventions will deliver to improve the health of our population.
- The graph below illustrates a coreset of population health indicators from DELPPHI which have been broken down at PCN level to provide assurance that activities are delivering the required impact.
- Mortality from dementia and Alzheimer's disease has decreased compared to the previous period.

		Current Period	Previous Period	Difference	% Difference
Measure Cat	Measure 2+				
Whole System	Emergency Admissions, Preventable Chronic Ambulatory Care Sensitive Conditions, DSR per 100,000, aged between 0-120	<b>38.5</b> 24 / 64,518	44.0 27 / 63,363	-5.5	-12.6%
	Total Cost of Emergency Hospital Care, DSR per 100,000, aged between 0-120	£2,426k £1,566k / 64,518	£2,386k £1,519k / 63,363	£40,345	1.7%
Programme	Mortality, Suicide, DSR per 100,000, aged between 10-120	Supr	ressed due to	o small nur	mbers
	Emergency Admissions, Intentional Self-Harm, DSR per 100,000, aged between 0-120	Supr	ressed due to	o small nur	mbers
Workstream	Mortality, Dementia / Alzheimer'S Disease, DSR per 100,000, aged between 0-120	Supr	ressed due to	o small nur	mbers



Hertfordshire and West Essex Integrated Care System

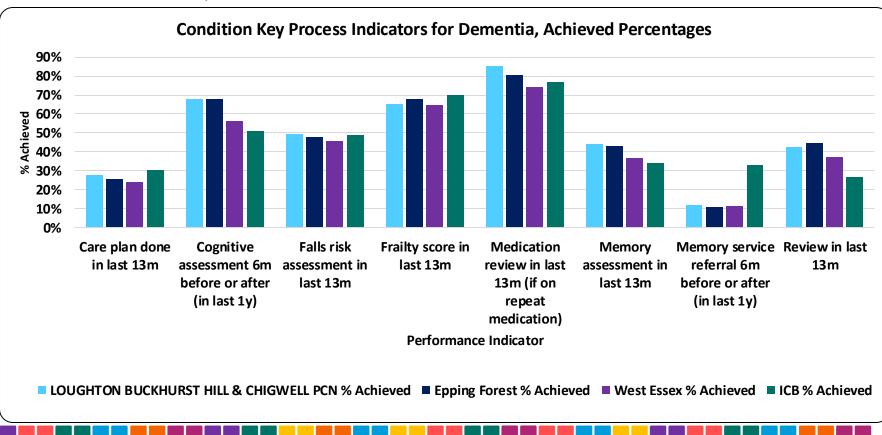
Source: <u>DELPPHI - HWE Outcomes Dashboard</u>



### **Dementia: QOF and key process indicators**

- Dementia QOF metrics for 2024-25 show that Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN has a higher percentage of achievement levels for Care plans reviewed in the last 12 months when compared with ICB and WE.
- Within this there is variation between the PCNs. The individual practices can be viewed within the QOF data. Arden's searches are available to practices to identify those people with dementia without a care plan.

	Dementia
	Review
	DEM004: Care plan reviewed in last 12m
ICB	80.8%
West Essex WE	78.5%
Epping Forest Locality	77.1%
Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN	73.0%
LOUGHTON BUCKHURST HILL & CHIGWELL PCN	82.3%



Hertfordshire and West Essex Integrated Care System

Source: Ardens Manager







**Integrated Care Board** 

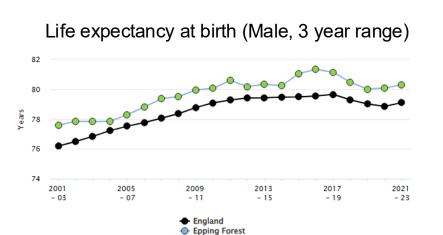
Other key outcomes



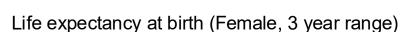


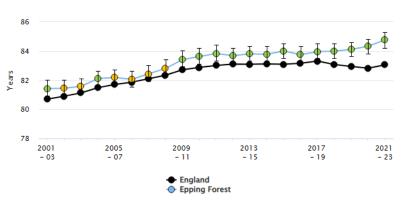
### Life Expectancy and Inequality in Life Expectancy at Birth

- Epping Forest life expectancy for both male and female has remained consistently above EoE and England.
- Inequality of life expectancy for males is in the 2<sup>nd</sup> best quintile and female is in the middle quintile, for 2021-23 period. This illustrates that for males in the most deprived quintiles will live nearly 6.7 years less than the least deprived quintiles, in Epping Forest. For females, the gap is 5.8 years.

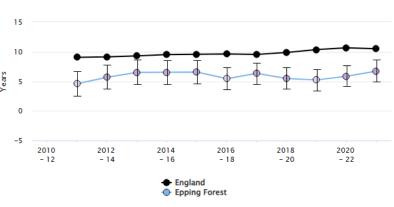


●Better 95% ● Similar ● Worse 95%

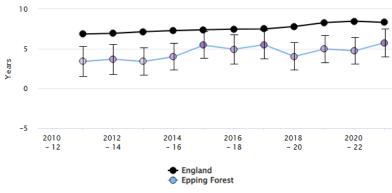








#### Inequality in life expectancy at birth (Female)







#### **Emergency Admission Rates for Ambulatory Care Sensitive Conditions (ACSC)**

#### Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell

- For ACSC condition emergency admissions, the rate has declined over the last 3 years.
- Monthly analysis indicates that current period and same period last year seems to be out of sync. The current month's rate in below WE.
- The list of Chronic Ambulatory Care Sensitive Conditions can be found via the <u>NHS Outcomes Framework Indicators</u> and Indicator Specification as found through the link <u>here</u>.
- Please use the following <u>link</u> for DELPPHI to review HWE, WE, PCN and GP practice measures, demographics and INT.



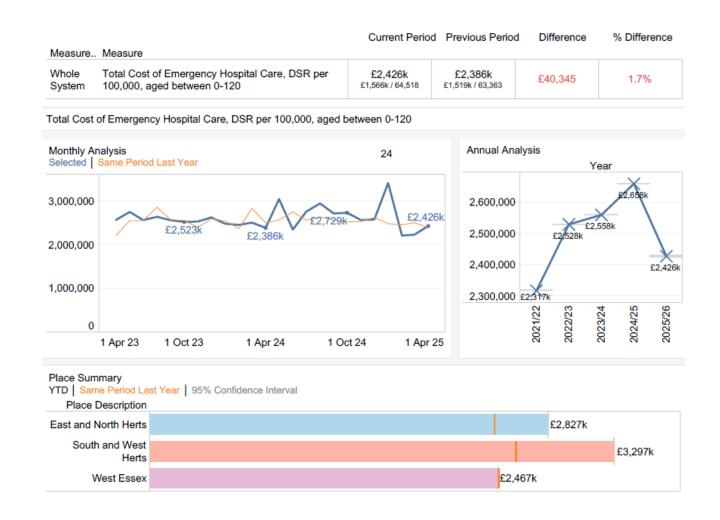






#### Total cost of Emergency hospital care for Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell

- The PCN total cost for emergency hospital care has increased in the preceding 4 years but in the current year it is decreasing, in line with decreased demand for emergency care.
- Please use the following <u>link</u> for DELPPHI to review HWE, WE, PCN and GP practice measures, demographics and INT.
- PAH & ENHT have changed the way in which SDEC is being coded resulting in much lower emergency admissions counts from Nov-24 onwards. Measures which reference emergency admissions will show lower due to this coding change. This affects West Essex and East and North Herts and the ICB as a whole. Emergency admission data should be treated with caution













**Integrated Care Board** 

**Glossary** 





#### Segmentation Model

- Our segmentation model combines primary and acute care data with wider determinants and community, mental health and social care data where available. The segmentation model provides the foundations for advanced population health management analytics that goes beyond patient level risk stratification.
- The ICB Segmentation model is based on patient data flowing from GP practices that have agreed to share their data with the ICB, at the time of this Pack production currently 72.8% of total ICB GP data is available, therefore any Segmentation data shown is likely to possibly change the percentages in all segments. Coding is also an important factor to ensure data quality and consistency.

#### Coding

- As with all information reported in this pack, the quality of the reports is determined by the completeness and quality of data recording for example if codes are not completed then less patients will be identified with a particular condition.
- Long Term Conditions (LTC)
- · Behavioural Risk Factors (BRF)



### Practices currently flowing data to DELPPHI as at 8<sup>th</sup> July 25

PCN	Practice Name	Flowing data
Loughton, Buckhurst	Forest Practice	$\checkmark$
Hill & Chigwell	Kings Medical Centre	$\checkmark$
	Loughton Health Centre	$\checkmark$
	Palmerston Road Surgery	$\checkmark$
	The Loughton Surgery	$\checkmark$
	The River Surgery	$\checkmark$
	Chigwell Medical Centre	×